California's Ballot Tracking Service: Who is Using it and How does it Impact Voter Confidence and Behavior?

Thank you for joining us.

Webinar will begin at Noon PT





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PART OF CID'S WEBINAR SERIES ON VOTER TURNOUT AND OUTREACH IN CALIFORNIA

Will Voters Turn Out in November?: Opportunities and Challenges to Conducting Voter Outreach in 2024





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California's Ballot Tracking Service: Who is Using it and How does it Impact Voter Confidence and Behavior?

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Why Study Ballot Tracking?

Vote-by-Mail (VBM) ballot locator and notification systems are intended to inform voters of the status of their VBM ballots regarding when they were mailed, received, and either accepted or rejected

Possible increased levels of confidence in the voting process

Impact on rejections rates





Study Examines

Vote-by-Mail ballot tracking (BallotTrax) use rates and how ballot tracking impacts ballot rejection

 In-depth quantitative assessment of Ballottrax data provided by the CA Secretary of State's office

Impact of ballot tracking on voters' trust and confidence

 CID California Voter Experience Survey – questions on ballot tracking awareness and usage





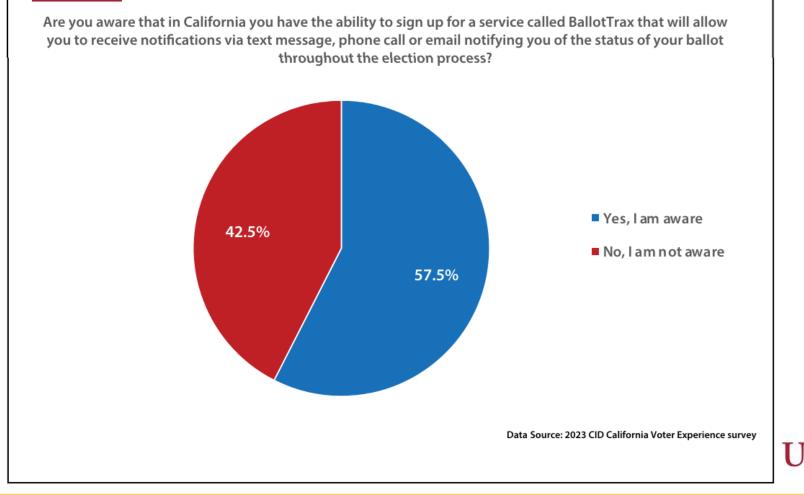
Californians' Awareness and Views of BallotTrax





The majority of eligible voters surveyed were aware of BallotTrax

FIGURE 1



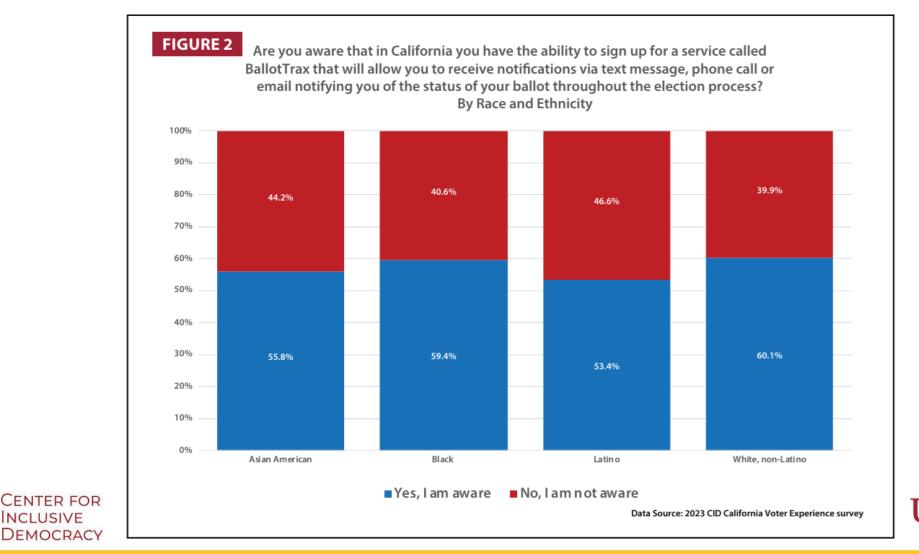


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Awareness of BallotTrax varied by race and ethnicity





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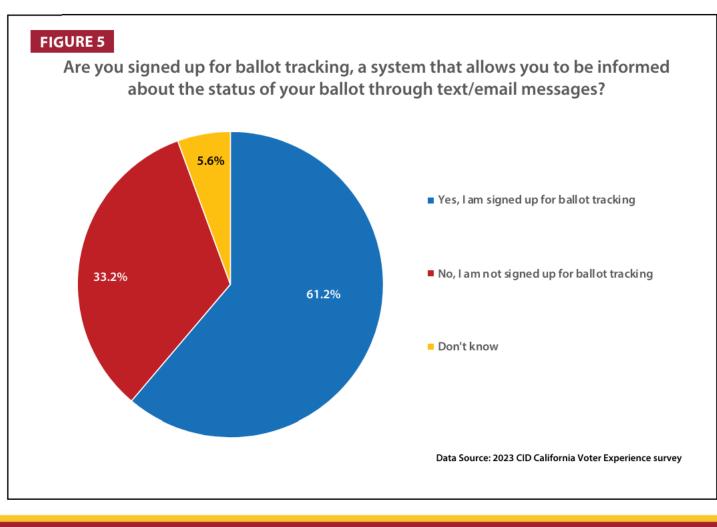
Awareness of BallotTrax peaked among respondents aged 25 to 44, while older respondents had lower awareness levels

Democrats had the highest awareness of BallotTrax among all party affiliations





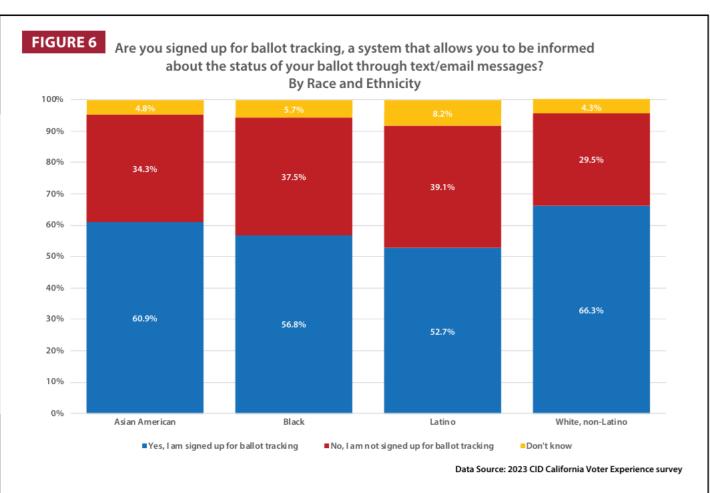
The majority of respondents who were aware of BallotTrax said they were signed up for the tool







White, non-Latino respondents reported signing up for BallotTrax at notably higher rates than Black and Latino respondents





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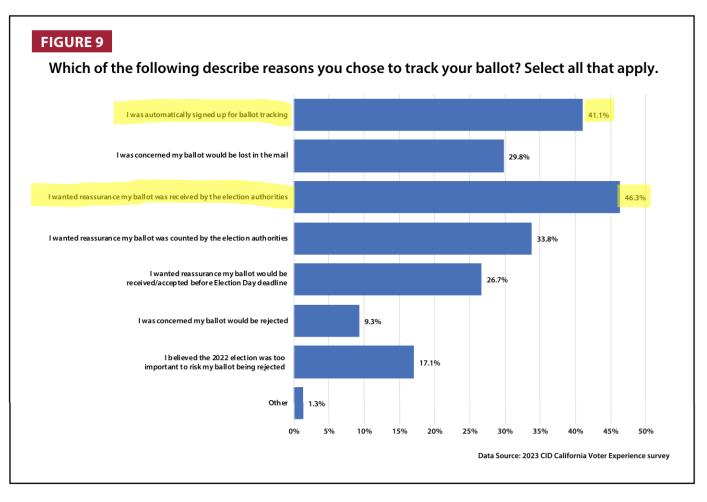
Young respondents aged 18 to 24 reported the lowest BallotTrax sign up rate

Democratic respondents had the highest reported sign-up rate for BallotTrax across all party affiliations





Concerns about ballots being received was the top reason respondents reported they signed up for BallotTrax







Reasons for signing up for BallotTrax varied across racial and ethnic groups

Table 1 - Which of the following describe reasons you chose to track your ballot? Select all that apply. By Race and Ethnicity						
	Asian American	Black	Latino	White, non- Latino		
I was automatically signed up for ballot tracking	36.4%	47.1%	38.5%	41.9%		
I was concerned my ballot would be lost in the mail	35.8%	38.3%	30.5%	27.7%		
I wanted reassurance my ballot was received by the election authorities	37.7%	33.9%	39.4%	51.3%		
I wanted reassurance my ballot was counted by the election authorities	30.2%	23.3%	24.3%	39.0%		
I wanted reassurance my ballot would be received/accepted before Election Day deadline	25.3%	25.6%	21.3%	28.8%		
I was concerned my ballot would be rejected	11.1%	8.4%	8.2%	9.8%		
I believed the 2022 election was too important to risk my ballot being rejected	12.3%	11.9%	13.3%	19.5%		
Other	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	1.6%		

Data Source: 2023 CID California Voter Experience survey





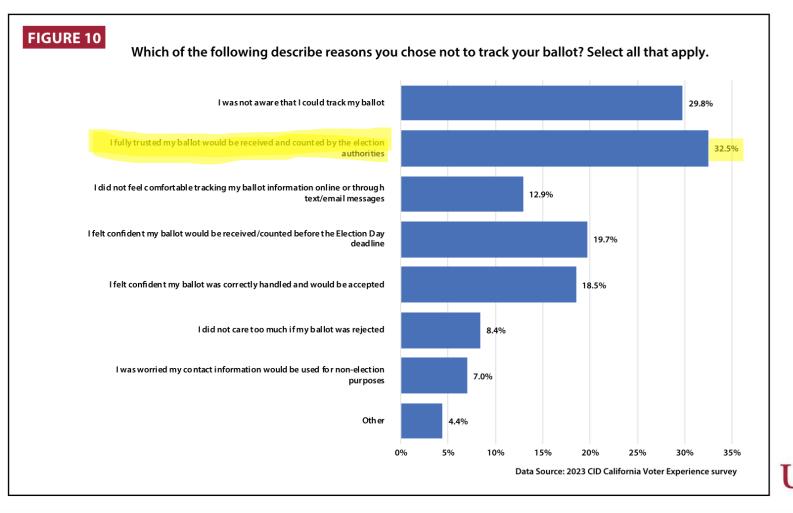
Respondents under the age of 45 had higher concerns about their ballot being rejected, while older respondents were concerned about their ballot not being received

Democrats signed up for BallotTrax for reassurance their ballot was received and counted at higher rates than Republicans





The most common reason respondents said they did not sign up for BallotTrax was trust in the process





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Asian-American respondents said they did not sign up for BallotTrax over security concerns at the highest rates

Table 4 - Which of the following describe reasons you chose not to track your ballot? Select all that apply. By Race and Ethnicity						
	Asian American	Black	Latino	White, non- Latino		
I was not aware that I could track my ballot	32.1%	39.1%	35.1%	25.7%		
I fully trusted my ballot would be received and counted by the election authorities	28.4%	28.3%	29.2%	36.1%		
I did not feel comfortable tracking my ballot information online or through text/email messages	23.5%	13.0%	12.9%	11.6%		
I felt confident my ballot would be received/counted before the Election Day deadline	18.5%	18.1%	16.9%	20.9%		
I felt confident my ballot was correctly handled and would be accepted	13.6%	10.1%	14.2%	22.1%		
I did not care too much if my ballot was rejected	11.1%	8.0%	10.2%	7.2%		
I was worried my contact information would be used for non-election purposes	11.1%	7.2%	7.5%	5.9%		
Other	1.2%	2.9%	3.5%	5.4%		

Data Source: 2023 CID California Voter Experience survey



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Young respondents aged 18 to 24 were the least aware of the tracking tool across all age groups

Democrats stated trust in the process as a reason they did not sign up for BallotTrax at higher rates than Republicans





Actual BallotTrax Use





BallotTrax Sign Ups in CA

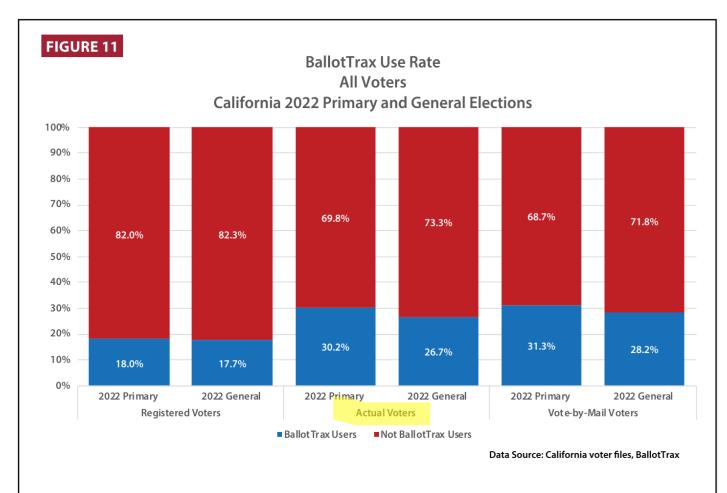
• Currently, approx. five million Californians are signed up for BallotTrax out of 22 million registered voters.

• Numbers of accounts have stayed stable since 2020.





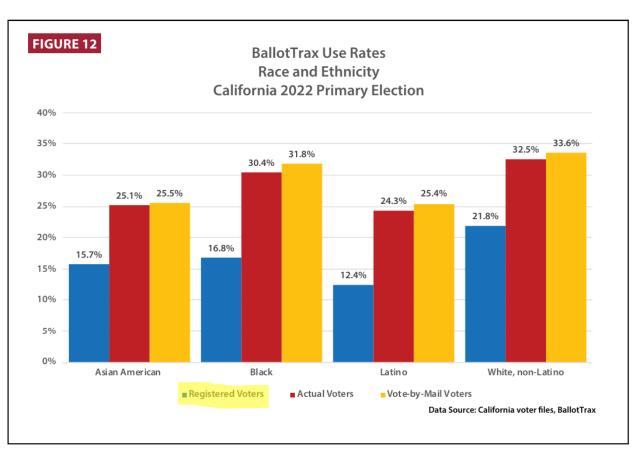
A larger share of voters used BallotTrax to track their ballots in the 2022 primary election than in the 2022 general election

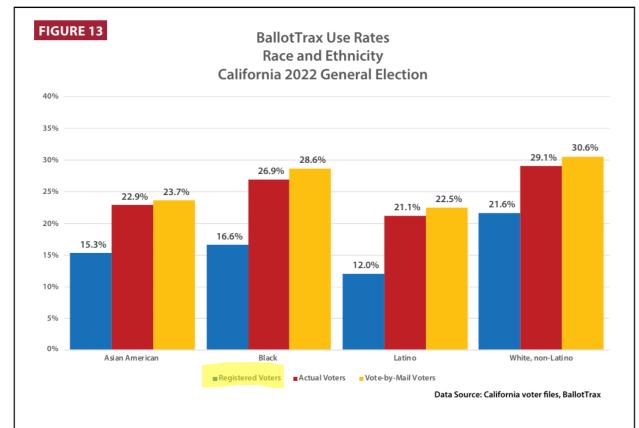






Registrants of color had lower BallotTrax use rates than white, non Latino registrants







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BallotTrax use in both elections increased with age, peaking among mid-aged registrants and voters

BallotTrax was notably more common among registered Democrats than any other party affiliation



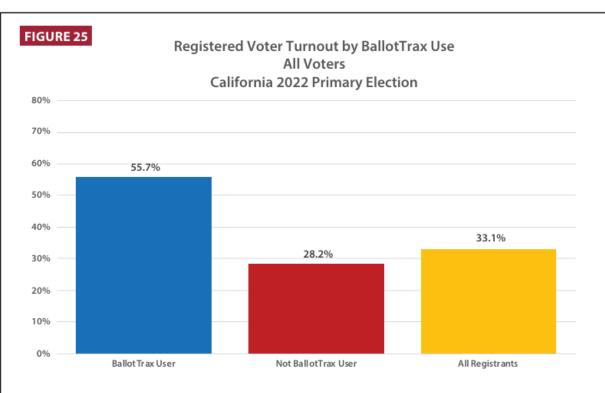


Registered Voter Turnout

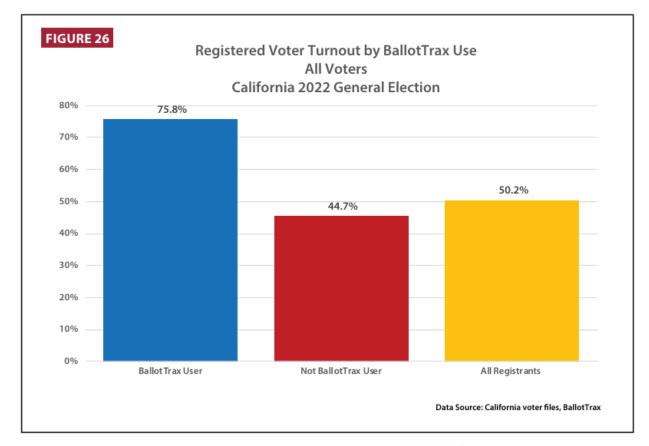




BallotTrax users had notably higher registered voter turnout rates than non-BallotTrax users in both elections



Data Source: California voter files, BallotTrax



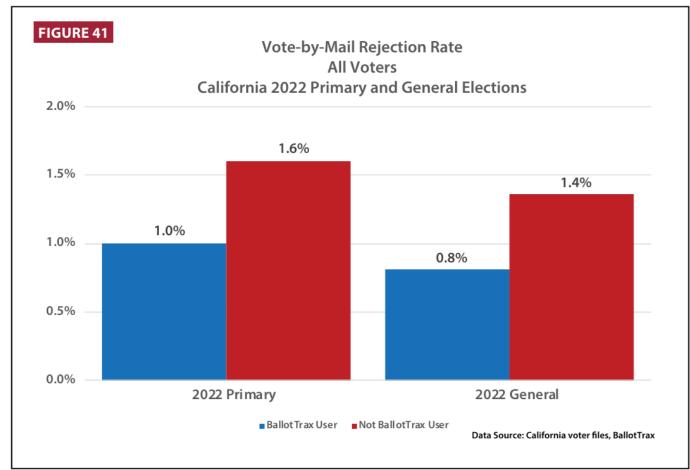


Vote-by-Mail Ballot Rejection





In the 2022 primary and general elections, the vote-by-mail rejection rate was at least fifty percent higher among non-BallotTrax users than among BallotTrax users







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BallotTrax users of color had similar vote-by-mail rejection gaps from white, non-Latino BallotTrax users as their counterparts not using the tracking tool

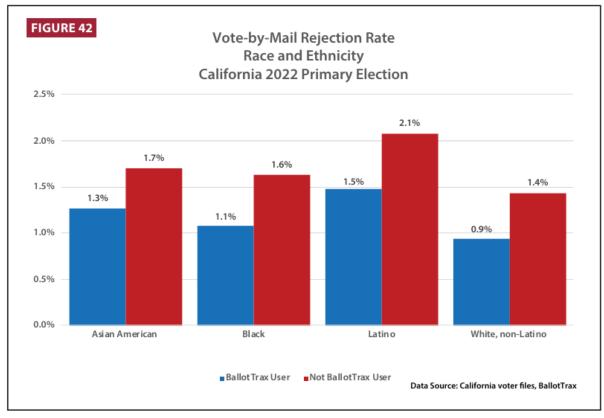


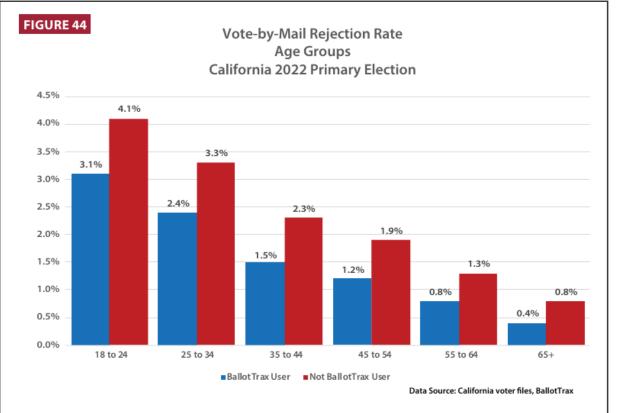
FIGURE 43 Vote-by-Mail Rejection Rate Race and Ethnicity California 2022 General Election 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.4% 1.5% 1.3% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 0.7% 0.6% 0.5% 0.0% Black Asian American Latino White, non-Latino BallotTrax User Not BallotTrax User Data Source: California voter files, BallotTrax

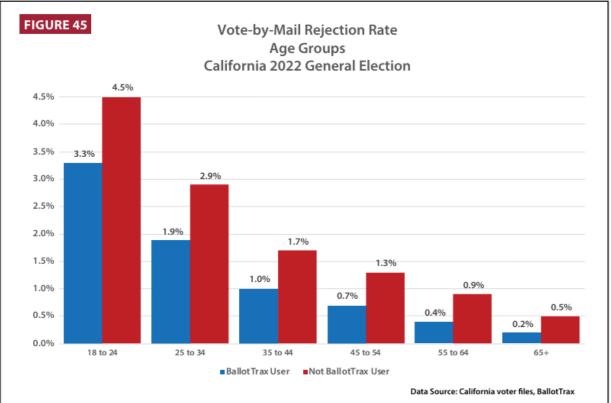
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BallotTrax users aged 18 to 24 had a smaller difference in vote-bymail rejection rates from BallotTrax users aged 65 and older compared to non-BallotTrax users





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Vote-by-mail rejection rates were similar between Democratic and Republican BallotTrax users

Democratic non-BallotTrax users had higher rejection rates than their Republican counterparts



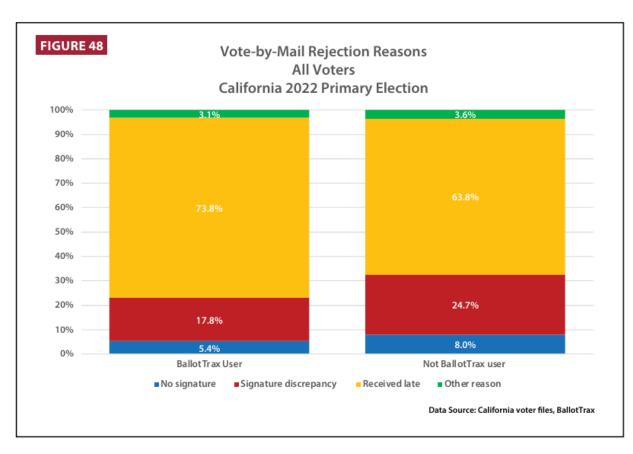


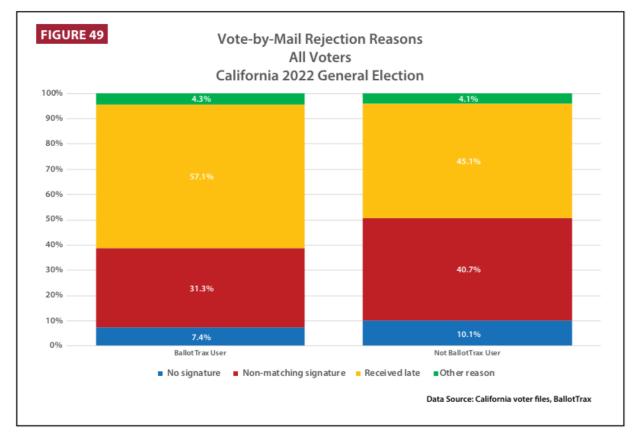
Reasons for Vote-by-Mail Ballot Rejection





Rejected ballots cast by BallotTrax users had lower rates of signature issues than those cast by non-BallotTrax users



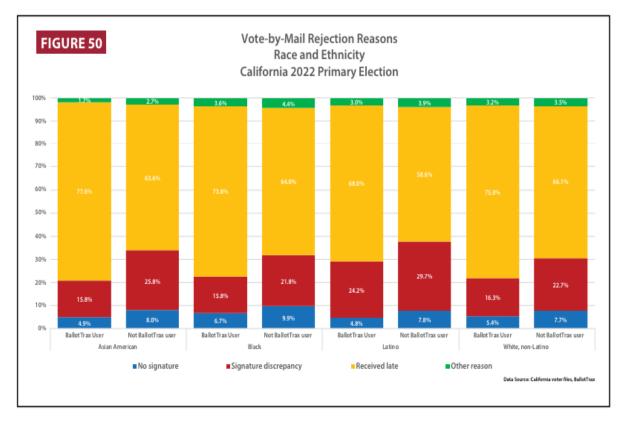


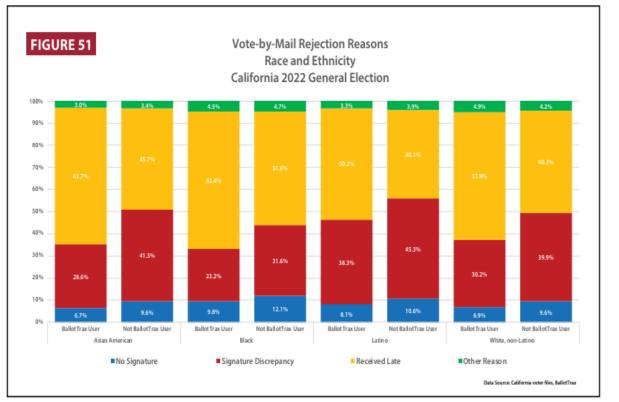


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Late vote-by-mail ballots were more common among BallotTrax users of all racial and ethnic groups than among nonBallotTrax users







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While BallotTrax users of all ages had lower rates of signature issues than non-BallotTrax users, young voters had the largest difference

Republican BallotTrax and non-BallotTrax users had smaller differences in vote-by-mail rejection reasons than Democrats



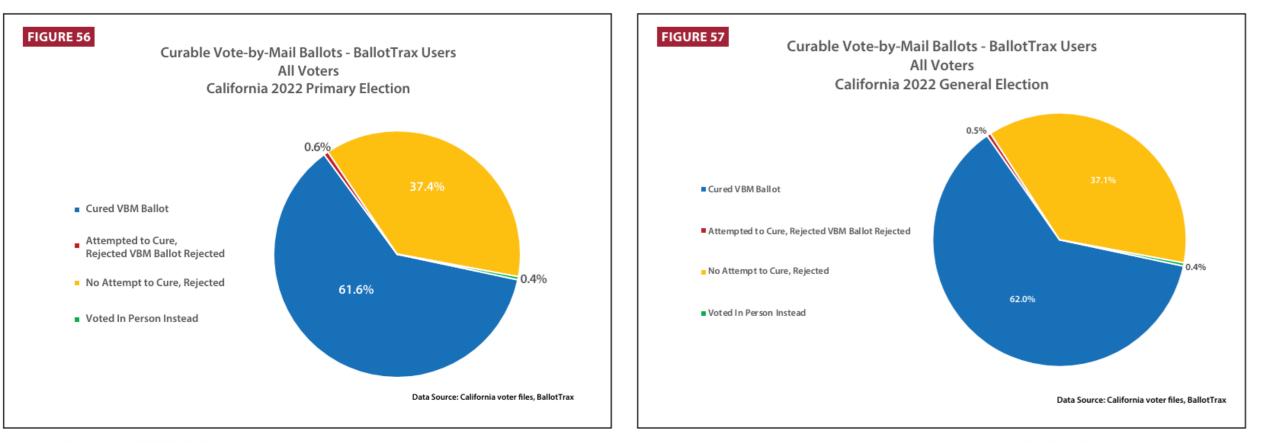


Vote-by-Mail Ballot Cure Rates





The majority of curable vote-by-mail ballots cast by BallotTrax users were corrected and counted in the 2022 primary election







Asian-American BallotTrax users cured their rejected ballots at higher rates than other BallotTrax users of color, while Latino BallotTrax users had by far the lowest cure rate

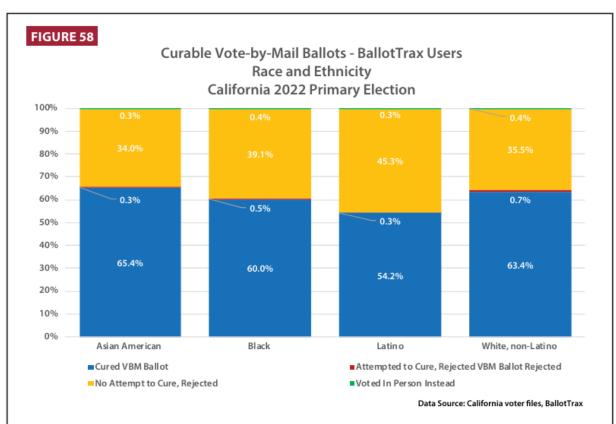


FIGURE 59 Curable Vote-by-Mail Ballots - BallotTrax Users **Race and Ethnicity** California 2022 General Election 100% 90% 80% 70% 0.5% 60% 0.9% 0.3% 0.5% 50% 40% 65.0% 63.0% 61.6% 30% 53.6% 20% 10% 0% Asian American Black Latino White, non-Latino Cured VBM Ballot Attempted to Cure, Rejected VBM Ballot Rejected No Attempt to Cure, Rejected Voted In Person Instead Data Source: California voter files, BallotTrax

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BallotTrax users aged 65 and over had a vote-by-mail cure rate sixty percent higher than those aged 18 to 24

Republican BallotTrax users cured their rejected vote-by-mail ballots at lower rates than Democratic BallotTrax users



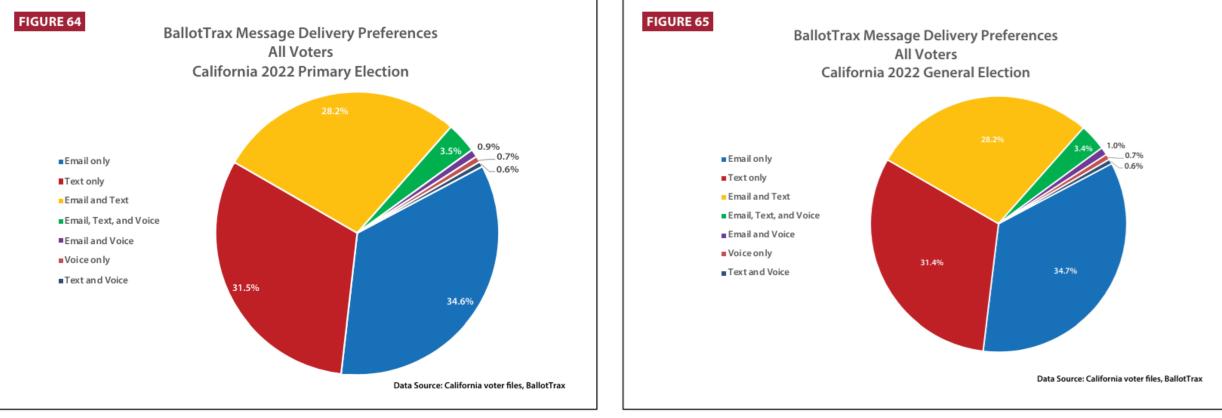


BallotTrax Message Delivery





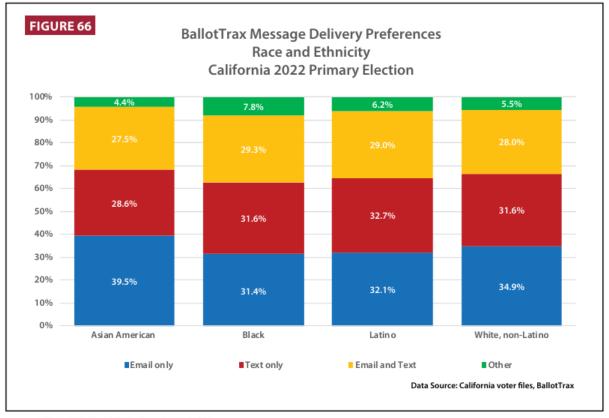
In both the 2022 primary and general elections, the majority of BallotTrax users preferred either email or text notifications about their ballot status

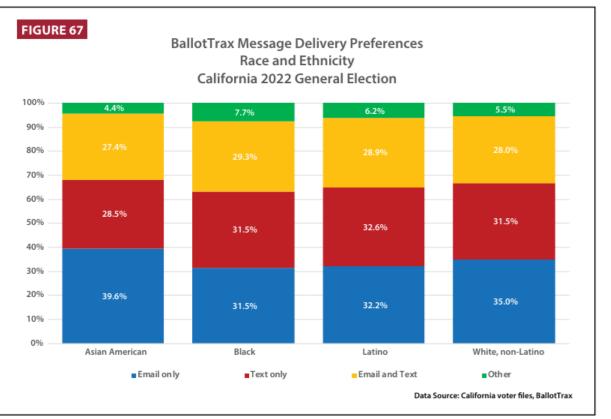






Asian-American BallotTrax users selected email only as their message delivery system at higher rates than other racial and ethnic groups in the 2022 primary and general elections





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BallotTrax message preferences fluctuated across age groups

Republican BallotTrax users preferred to receive ballot updates through text messages only at higher rates than Democrats

Democrats elected to receive both email and text notifications at higher rates than Republicans





Questions?





Thank you!

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